



Dialog – seznámení

☹ Ahoj!

😊 Ahoj!

☹ Já **jsem** Martin, a ty?

😊 Já **jsem** Káťa. Ty **jsi** Čech?

☹ No, a odkud **jseš** ty?

😊 Já **jsem** z Ruska.

☹ A proč **jsi** tady?

😊 **Jsem** studentka na VŠE.

☹ Aha. A tamto **jsou** tví kamarádi?

😊 Ano, to **je** Nastja a Dima.

☹ **Jsou** také z Ruska?

😊 Ne, Nastja **je** z Běloruska a Dima **je** z Ukrajiny. Ale všichni **jsme** na VŠE.

☹ A kde **jste** na koleji?

😊 **Nejsme** na koleji, **jsme** na privátu.

☹ Jasně. Promiň, musím teď jít, ale doufám, že se brzy uvidíme!

😊 Určitě, měj se hezky, ahoj!

☹ Čau!



☹ Hi!

😊 Hi!

☹ I'm Martin, and you?

😊 I'm Katya. Are you a Czechman?

☹ Yeah, and where are you from?

😊 I'm from Russia.

☹ And why are you here?

😊 I'm a student at the University of Economics (UE).

☹ I see. And those are your friends?

😊 Yes, that's Nastya and Dima.

☹ Are they also from Russia?

😊 No, Nastya is from Belarus and Dima is from Ukraine. But we're all at the UE.

☹ And where are you at a dormitory?

😊 We aren't at a dormitory, we're at a rented flat.

☹ I see. I'm sorry, I have to go now, but I hope we'll see each other soon!

😊 Sure, take care, bye!

☹ Bye!

Gramatika

The conjugation of the verb “to be” and “not to be” = *být / nebýt*:

já jsem	my jsme
ty jsi / jseš	vy jste
on / ona / ono je	oni jsou

já nejsem	my nejsme
ty nejsi / nejseš	vy nejste
on / ona / ono není	oni nejsou

Extra

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Czech verbs change, based on the subject of a sentence. It can be: I, you singular, he/she/it, we, you plural (or you singular formal), and they. Verbs are the core element of a sentence, it's very important to learn them!

There are three tenses in Czech: past, present and future. There is no “perfect” or “continuous” tense, but there is so called **aspect** – perfective or imperfective, which differentiates between finished or one-time actions, and unfinished or repeated actions.

